2020 JUVENILE JUSTICE VIRTUAL CONFERENCE

September 24 -25, 2020 Phoenix, Arizona



DESTRUCTION OF JUVENILE COURT RECORDS: LAW & MECHANICS OF THE PROCESS

Presented by:

Elizabeth Beringhaus

Deputy Maricopa County Attorney

Chris Phillis

Director, Maricopa County Office of Public Defense Services

Jan Price

Account Services Juvenile, Maricopa County Superior Court

The Honorable Kathleen Quigley

Judge of the Pima County Superior Court

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3838 N. Central Ave., Suite 850
Phoenix, Arizona 85012

ELIZABETH BURTON ORTIZ EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Destruction of Juvenile Court Records: Law & Mechanics of Process Materials

- 1. Outline for Presentation
- 2. Application for Destruction of Records, Setting Aside Adjudication and/or Restoration of Civil Rights
- 3. County Attorney Response to Request for Destruction
- 4. ARS § 8-348
- 5. ARS § 8-349
- 6. ARS § 8-249
- 7. Notice of Important Rights
- 8. <u>State v. Kosatschenko</u>: a memorandum decision regarding a prohibited possessor. The person lost his right to possess a gun at 13. He was denied a restoration of his gun rights. However, he became a security guard who was permitted to carry a gun.
- 9. <u>In re Richard G</u>.: a published decision regarding a juvenile who is a prohibited possessor as the result of a misdemeanor offense. The court found that a juvenile can be a prohibited possessor as a result of a misdemeanor offense.
- 10. In the Matter of Yuma: a published decision that holds a court is not required to specifically inform a child that they have lost their gun rights.
- 11. State v. Tamez: a memorandum decision that addresses a person's ability to destroy their juvenile record if they have an adult criminal felony that was set aside under §13-907.